1. ಅದರೆ ಅಥವಾ ಹೋಲಿಸಿರೆಗೆ ದರಹಿಸಿರುವ ಕಾರ್ಯದ ಸ್ವಾಭಾವಿಕ ಉದಾಹರಣೆಗಳ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣ ಸೂಚನೆ:  
   A) ಅನ್ಯಾಧಿಕೃತವಾದ ವಿಧಾನ ಮಾರ್ಗಗಳು.  
   B) ಇಂಧನ ಮತ್ತು ಶ್ರವಣ, ಕೂಡ, ತಲೆ, ತನ್ನ ಮತ್ತು ತನ್ನ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಮೂಲಕ.  
   C) ಚಿತ್ರದ ರಚನೆಯ ಮೂಲಕ.  
   D) ಶಾಶ್ವತ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಮೂಲಕ.  
   E) ಸಂಪನ್ನ ಅನುಪತ್�ಿ ಮೂಲಕ.  

2. ಅದರೆ ಆಸಕ್ತಿಗೆ ವಿದ್ವಾಂಸ ಅಥವಾ ಅನಂತರದ ಸೂಚನೆ: 
   A) ಅನ್ಯಾಧಿಕೃತವಾದ ವಿಧಾನ ಮಾರ್ಗಗಳು.  
   B) ಇಂಧನ ಮತ್ತು ಶ್ರವಣ, ಕೂಡ, ತಲೆ.  
   C) ಚಿತ್ರದ ರಚನೆಯ ಮೂಲಕ.  
   D) ಶಾಶ್ವತ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಮೂಲಕ.  

3. ಅದರೆ ಅನಂತರದ ವಿದ್ವಾಂಸ ಅಥವಾ ಅನಂತರದ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣ ಸೂಚನೆ:  
   A) ಹೌಟ್‌  
   B) ಕೀಟ  
   C) ಸಂಹಾರ  
   D) ಸಂಹಾರ  
   E) ಜಾರ್  
   F) ಕೆಕ್ಕ  
   G) ಸಂಹಾರ  
   H) ಸಂಹಾರ  
   I) ಸಂಹಾರ  
   J) ಸಂಹಾರ.
4. ಒಂದು ಕೌಣ್ಳೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ತಂಬಾಕಿಸುವ ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿಯ ನಿಯಮ ಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಶ್นಗಳು: 

   (5×1=5)

   A) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಮತ್ತು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   B) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   C) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಮತ್ತು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   D) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   E) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?

5. ಒಂದು ಕೌಣ್ಳೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ತಂಬಾಕಿಸುವ ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿಯ ನಿಯಮ ಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಗಳು: 

   (1×15=15)

   A) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   B) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   C) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಮತ್ತು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?

6. ಒಂದು ಕೌಣ್ಳೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ತಂಬಾಕಿಸುವ ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿಯ ನಿಯಮ ಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಗಳು: 

   (5×2=10)

   A) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   B) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   C) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಮತ್ತು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?

7. ಒಂದು ಕೌಣ್ಳೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ತಂಬಾಕಿಸುವ ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿಯ ನಿಯಮ ಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಗಳು: 

   (1×15=15)

   A) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   B) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
   C) ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಅಂಗಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಂಪು ಮತ್ತು ಹರಡಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲಾತೆ?
8. ಅನೇಕ ಸಮಾಜಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಕೋಟೆ ಅಥವಾ ಕೋಟೆಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಸ್ಥಳೀಯ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿ ನಡೆಯುವ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆಯು ಎಂದರೆ:

A) ಸೇವನಮನೆ
B) ಕಾರ್ಯ ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿ
C) ಸಹಯೋಗ
D) ಊಹೆ
E) ಸಂದರ್ಶಕವಾದ ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ
F) ಹೂದು ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ

(5x3=15)

9. ಅನೇಕ ಸಮಾಜಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ವಿಭಾಗ ಎಂದರೆ:

A) ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ವಿಭಾಗ ಹೌಸ್ಟು ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ವಿಭಾಗವಾದ ವಿಭಾಗ ಹೌಸ್ಟು ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ

B) ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ವಿಭಾಗ ಮೊದಲಾದ ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕೀಯ ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ ವಿಭಾಗವಾದ ವಿಭಾಗ ಹೌಸ್ಟು ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ.

(1x15=15)
ENGLISH
(COMPULSORY)

Duration : 3 hours
Max. Marks : 100

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answers should be written in English only.
2. Answer all the questions.
3. Marks are indicated against each question.
4. Write the Précis on the sheet provided. At the end of your précis, mention the number of words used. Suggest a suitable title.
5. Write the question number and sub-question number correctly.

PART - A

1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate forms of the verbs given below : (7×1=7) [lead, rise, blow, teach, write, draw, spend]
   A) The water level in the Cauvery____________ rapidly yesterday.
   B) Have you ____________ up a plan for the summer holidays ?
   C) The article has been ____________ by my uncle.
   D) Mr. Gupta ____________ us Economics last year.
   E) The new block was ____________ up by a bomb.
   F) Did you ____________ all the money on clothes ?
   G) Kapil Dev ____________ the Indian team in the 1983 World Cup.

2. Complete the following sentences with appropriate prepositions chosen from the list in brackets : (6×1=6)
   A) She resigned ____________ her job at the call centre.
      (for, in, from, by)
   B) The prisoners went hungry ____________ several occasions.
      (on, under, against, in)
C) Sleep is vital ______ the learning process.
   (with, to, between, by)

D) My professor was educated ______ Oxford.
   (of, from, across, at)

E) Have you lived here ______ many years?
   (for, since, from, in)

F) She attended the wedding ______ her colleagues.
   (on, with, through, beyond)

3. Each of the following sentences requires an article ['a' or 'an' or 'the']
   at the appropriate place. Rewrite the sentences using the required article in the
   right position:
   A) Wars have been fought ______ religion.
   B) After years of struggle as young boy, I got my first job in Mumbai.
   C) Let us put end to this argument.
   D) Would you like to have cup of coffee?
   E) She is excellent housekeeper.
   F) It was friendliest place ______ I had ever seen.

4. Correct the following sentences and rewrite them after correction:
   A) Suppose if you see him, convey my regards.
   B) This book is your’s.
   C) The angry man tried to brake the furniture.
   D) Cats don’t swim, can they?
   E) She is caring for her old parents.
   F) What books you studied for the examination?

5. Rewrite as directed:
   A) Your handwriting is not easy to read.
      (Replace the underlined word with a single word beginning with the prefix
       'il')
B) We received a ____________ (complement/compliment) from our clients.
(Choose the correct word)

C) The Lok Ayukta is trying to remove completely corruption from public life.
(Substitute the underlined phrase with an idiom comprising the word ‘root’)  

D) My aunt is interested in the study of dancing.
(Use a single word ending with ‘-graphy’ to replace the underlined words)

E) Anne Frank’s ____________ (diary/dairy) is a tribute to her courage and will-power.

6. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below as directed: 

Since their beginning in 1896, the Olympic Games have been the gold standards of athletic prowess: Olympic competitors are the best in the world, and no trophy compares with an Olympic gold medal. However, the athletic competitions have been matched by the fierce competition between cities and nations vying to host the Games. So much money and prestige is at stake that the phenomenon has been given a name: the Olympic Effect.

Economic impacts of the Olympic games are complex. In the first place, preparations for the Games generally include vast investments not only in the stadiums, tracks, and other sports venues for the games themselves, but also in local highways, hotels and airports. Thousands of jobs are created and billions of dollars are spent. The international image of the host city goes up. Tourism experiences the greatest benefit. The Olympic Effect can exert a powerful influence on the business climate of the host country for years before, during, and after the games.

A) Suggest a suitable title to the passage beginning with ‘The Olympic …………..’

B) What else is at stake at the Olympic Games besides athletic supremacy?

C) The maximum impact of the Games is seen on
   i) hospitality industry
   ii) tourism
   iii) infrastructure
   iv) gold value.

   [Choose the best alternative]

D) The Olympic Games are no more a mere celebration of the human body and of the human spirit. (True/False)

E) Pick out a part of the opening sentence which implies that 'many athletes would be proud to win an Olympic gold medal'.
7. A) Write a précis of the following passage in about 100 words. State the number of words of your précis. Use the sheets provided and secure them to the answer book.

Great social transformations — the end of slavery, the women's and civil rights movements, the end of colonial rule, the birth of environmentalism — all began with public awareness and engagement. Our political leaders followed rather than led. It was scientists, engineers, churchgoers and young people who truly led the way. If as citizens we vote for war, then war it will be. If instead we support a global commitment to sustainable development, then our leaders will follow, and we will find a way to peace.

Each of us has a role to play and a chance for leadership. First, study the problem in school, in reading on the web. Second, when possible, travel. There is no substitute for seeing extreme poverty, or deforestation, or the destructive forces of nature, to understand our generations real challenges. There is no substitute for meeting and engaging with people across cultures, religions and regions to realize that we are all in this together. Third, get your business, community or student group active in some aspect of sustainable development. Inspiring examples of today's private leadership include those who are promoting the control of malaria, the spread of solar power and the end of polio. Finally, demand that politicians honour their global promises and commitments on climate change and the fight against hunger and poverty. If the public leads, politicians will surely follow.

Our generation's greatest challenges — in environment, demography, poverty and global politics are also our most exciting opportunity. Ours is the generation that can end extreme poverty, turn the tide against climate change and head off a thoughtless and massive extinction of other species. Ours is the generation that can, and must, solve the unresolved conundrum of combining economic well-being with environmental sustainability. We will need science, technology and professionalism, but most of all we need to subdue our fears and cynicism.

- 302 Words.

B) Answer any one of the following: 15

Imagine you are Raghu/Leela. A friend of yours has invited you to attend the birthday celebration of his/her daughter. Respond to the invitation positively.

OR

You are a resident of the ML Gardens Locality of Vijayapura town. The water supply in your area is contaminated. Write a letter of complaint to the corporator of your ward.

C) Write an essay on any one of the following topics in about 300 words: 25

a) An inspiring teacher.

b) Internet as an on-line study tool.

c) Cricket, and not hockey, should be our national game.
FORESTRY - I

Duration : 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answer should be written only in English.
2. Answer all questions taking note of choice questions wherever if given.
3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the Answerbook itself.

PART - A

(Each sub-question carries one mark)

Question No. 1 Marks: 7x1=7

1. Choose the correct answer.

A. The host species which is susceptible to spike disease and not advisable to plant in sandal plantation is
   i) Pongamia pinnata
   ii) Dalbergia sissoo
   iii) Cassia siamea
   iv) Azadirachta indica

B. The oldest -known agroforestry practice refers to
   i) Taungya System
   ii) Alley cropping
   iii) Shifting cultivation
   iv) Tim-Fib System

C. When seedlings are to be grown for about 4 to 6 months before eventual planting out, the optimum size of the polythene bags should be
   i) 10 cm. × 20 cm.
   ii) 15 cm. × 20 cm.
   iii) 20 cm. × 30 cm.
   iv) 30 cm. × 40 cm.
D. Good indicator of well managed watershed is
   i) High sediment discharge
   ii) Higher flood peaks
   iii) Uniform stream flow
   iv) Lower Vegetative cover

E. Practice of forestry outside the farm lands and outside the reserve forests is known as
   i) Extension forestry
   ii) Recreation forestry
   iii) Rehabilitation forestry
   iv) Community forestry

F. The tree crown class comprising of trees of about 3/4th of the height of dominants is categorised as
   i) Predominant
   ii) Codominant
   iii) Dominated
   iv) Suppressed

G. Clear felling system is one of the high forest system where mature crop is removed in
   i) One operation
   ii) Two operations
   iii) Series of operations.
   iv) Continuous operations.

Question No. 2 Marks: 7*1=7

2. Fill in the blanks:

A. Group of populations that generally interbreed with one another and that intergrade more or less continuously are referred as ____________

B. Gradual replacement of one community by another in the development of vegetation towards climax is known as ____________

C. A long, thickstem cutting, containing much old wood, used in propagating some species is called as ______________
D. Sundarbans is the best example of ___________ type of forests.

E. The operation of removal of all coppice shoots by retaining the best one is called as ____________

F. The term 'Forest' is derived from Latin word i.e. ___________ which means outside.

G. The study of trees and forests as biological entities, the laws of their growth and development and impact of environment on them is termed as ____________

3. Answer the following questions in one sentence each:

A. What does mycorrhizae refer to?
B. What is the main advantage of under cutting and wrenching operation?
C. What is ecotype?
D. What is half sib family?
E. What is wilding?
F. How was tetraploidy induced in Santalum album to develop new strains to combat spike disease?

PART – B

SECTION – I

Write short notes on any 5 of the following: (5×4=20)

4. Seed Orchard Records.
5. Tropical Rainforest
6. Plant containers used in forest nurseries.
7. Agroforestry classification on socio economic basis.
8. Reasons for failure of non commercial Farm Forestry projects.
9. Approaches for selection of plus trees for better phenotype.
10. Basic procedure in shelter wood method.
11. Possible ameliorative effects of trees on soil in Agroforestry.
SECTION – II

Answer any 5 of the following: (5×12=60)

12. Explain the problems encountered normally when using the exotic species and also narrate the reasons why poor sources or wrong species are used in exotic forestry programmes.

13. Write in detail about the necessary operations to be carried out to obtain natural regeneration of a species in desired quality at a desired time and at a desired place.

14. Discuss the different methods of vegetative propagation by using different parts of the plant in Bamboo and prescribe the management practices for obtaining desired quality of culms.

15. Give a detailed account for nursery, planting and harvesting techniques adopted in sandal wood cultivation and narrate the multiple uses of sandal wood.

16. Explain how do different agroforestry systems help the culturable wastelands for their sustained productivity.

17. Agroforestry practices are assumed to be superior to other traditional cropping practices with respect to erosion protection – Justify the statement and suggest agroforestry practices for soil conservation.

18. Discuss the relation between plant and man as one of the biotic factors which affects the vegetation as well as site in forest areas.

19. Explain the impact of microorganisms on forest ecosystems and write the constraints in studies on microbial diversity in forests.
FORESTRY - II

Duration : 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS

1) Answers should be written only in English.

2) Answer all questions taking note of choice questions wherever if given.

3) Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the Answerbook itself.

PART - A
(Each sub-question carries one mark)

1. Fill in the blanks:

A) The diameter of standing trees is measured at ____________ m to have a uniform standard throughout the country.

B) The multipurpose instrument that is used to measure height, range, basal area, slope etc. is ______________

C) The Normalised Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI) is necessarily used for estimating ______________

D) The best and only wood used for making cricket bats is ______________

E) The best quality lac is produced specially from the commercial tree species like ______________.

F) The main and common predator which controls teak defoliator is ______________ (scientific name only)

G) The project tiger was initiated in 1973 with nine tigers with the recommendations of a task force of the ______________.

2. Choose the correct answer:

A) Form factor which is a measure of form or shape of the tree is used for calculation of
   i) Girth    ii) DBH    iii) Volume    iv) Height
B) The glued wood construction built of veneers is termed as
   i) Particle board
   ii) Ply wood
   iii) Pulp wood
   iv) Match wood

C) One of the biggest and most lucrative items of trade in the field of wild animal products is
   i) Leather
   ii) Horn
   iii) Fur
   iv) Ivory

D) The Government of India was forced to make an enactment to check indiscriminate diversions of forest lands through enunciation of
   i) Forest Conservation Act
   ii) Indian Forest Act
   iii) Wild life Protection Act
   iv) None

E) The family that yields aromatic resins also known as oleoresins is
   i) Diptero carpaceae
   ii) Pinaceae
   iii) Burseraceae
   iv) Leguminosae

F) When canopy density is between 0.50 and 0.75, it is classified as
   i) Closed
   ii) Dense
   iii) Thin
   iv) Open

G) The climber which affects the shape and growth of stem in forest area is
   i) Bauhinia vablii
   ii) Bauhinia alba
   iii) Bauhinia variegata
   iv) Bauhinia sulphurica

3. Answer in one sentence : Question No. 3 Marks : 6 × 1 = 6

   A) What are the activities in forest areas causing emission of green house gases?
   
   B) Suggest one best system of vegetation for combating noise.
   
   C) Two ways of approaching the subject of regulation and determination of yield, one is yield regulation based primarily on division of the area, what is the other one?
D) Mention the hygroscopic substances used in place of common salt in chemical seasoning of wood.

E) What is a particulate matter?

F) Removal of vegetation in the vicinity of the sides of a stream reduces the quality of water for human consumption and also for aquatic life, especially fish. How?

PART - B

SECTION - I

Write short notes on any five of the following:

4. CAI and MAI with one example.
5. Tree height measurement in sloppy areas with altimeter.
6. Two areas of study in forest economics.
8. Strategies for reducing emission of greenhouse gases by the forest.
9. Effects of pollution on climate in urban areas.
10. Reasons for failure of JFM in some places of India.
11. Lidar remote sensing.

SECTION - II

Answer any five of the following questions:

12. Discuss the different types of rotations classified based on the objects of management in forest sector.

13. What is the importance of determining the age of a tree? Explain the methods of age determination of single tree under both destructive and non-destructive.

14. A) Narrate the three types of elasticity of demand.
15. A) Categorize the presently available cellulosic resources of paper as raw material base and explain.

B) List out measures proposed for achieving the targets in healthy development of the pulp and paper industries.

16. Discuss the various fire hazard reduction measures in forest stands.

17. Explain Forest Canopy Density (FCD) Assessment by using satellite remote sensing digital data and write the use of FCD map in forest operations.

18. Narrate the common methods of selling forest produce and write the business principles to be kept in view in forest sales.

19. Discuss the sources and emission of air pollutants and write about prevention and control of air pollution.
AGRICULTURE

Duration: 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answers should be written only in English.
2. Answer all questions taking note of choice questions wherever if given.
3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the Answerbook itself.

PART - A

(Each sub-question carries one mark)

Question No. 1 Marks: 4x1=4

1. A. India’s share of world production of mangoes is more than
   i) 10%
   iii) 25%
   iii) 25%
   iv) 70%

   B. More than 20% decline in total food grains production in India was noticed in
   i) 2002-03
   iii) 2004-05
   iv) 2005-06

   C. The successful introduction of citrus in the northern plains of India is
   i) Santra orange
   iii) Kinnnow
   iv) Acid lime

   D. Tea mosquito bug also attacks severely
   i) Neem
   iii) Pongamia
   iv) Coconut

Question No. 2 Marks: 4x1=4

2. A. Coconut eriophyid is
   i) Insect
   iii) Mite
   ii) Nematode
   iv) Snail

P.T.O.
B. Alphonso is a variety of
   i) Banana  
   ii) Rice  
   iii) Mango  
   iv) Citrus

C. Pheromone trap is used for monitoring and control of
   i) Citrus aphid  
   ii) Mango hopper  
   iii) Coffee stem Borer  
   iv) Rice Thrips

D. Which of the following is spread through aphid vector
   i) Banana Panama Wilt  
   ii) Sigatoka disease  
   iii) Bunchy top disease  
   iv) Fruit rot

Question No. 3 Marks: 4x1=4

3. A. The pH of saline soils will be normally in the range of
   i) 7.0 – 7.5  
   ii) 7.5 – 8.0  
   iii) 8.0 – 8.5  
   iv) 8.5 – 9.0

B. Systemic induction of resistance to diseases in crop plants is due to soil
   inhabiting
   i) Actinomycetes  
   ii) Fungi  
   iii) Algae  
   iv) Nematodes

C. Which of the following is a symbiotic nitrogen fixing organism?
   i) Pseudomonas  
   ii) Trichoderma  
   iii) Rhizobium  
   iv) Bacillus

D. Parboiling is done in the case of
   i) Maize  
   ii) Sorghum  
   iii) Pearlmillet  
   iv) Paddy

Question No. 4 Marks: 4x1=4

4. A. Vitamin C is present abundantly in
   i) Cabbage  
   ii) Cauliflower  
   iii) Tomato  
   iv) Bhendi
B. NAA is a
   i) Fungicide
   ii) Insecticide
   iii) Growth Regulator
   iv) Fumigant

C. Good soil health is reflected by the population of
   i) Termites
   ii) White grubs
   iii) Wire worms
   iv) Spring tails

D. Dapag method of nursery is adopted in
   i) Chilli
   ii) Tomato
   iii) Rice
   iv) Brinjal

5. Answer the following in one sentence each:
   A. Contour farming
   B. Seed hardening
   C. Multi-tier crop system
   D. T&V System

PART - B

Write short notes on any five of the following: (5x4=20)

6. Hybrid vigour in crops
7. Management of problem soils
8. Economic use of irrigation water
9. Genetically modified organisms
10. Commercial cultivation practices of jasmine
11. Importance of pastures in agricultural economy.
Answer any five of the following:  


13. Give an account of agricultural marketing and marketing policies in India.

14. What are the pollutants of irrigation water and their sources? How will you mitigate their ill effects to the soils and crops?

15. Elucidate the role of above-ground and below-ground biodiversity on sustainable crop production giving suitable examples.

16. Describe the principles and practices of crop breeding for resistance to pests and diseases.

17. Explain the various horticultural development programmes in India. How will you enhance exports of horticultural products?
ZOOLOGY

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answers should be written only in English.

2. Answer all questions.

3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the Answerbook itself.

PART - A

Question No. 1 Marks : 7×1=7

1. A) ____________________ carries blood from heart to lungs.

B) Alpha helix is associated with ____________________ structure of proteins.

C) Echidna belongs to class ____________

D) ___________________________ is a precursor of cholesterol biosynthesis.

E) Vitamin ________ deficiency causes scurvy.

F) Chelonians belong to the class ____________

G) Action potential is an ________________ phenomenon.

2. What is Bergman's rule ?

Mark : 1

3. Name three living genera of order Dipnoi.

Mark : 1

P.T.O.
4. Which type of ribosome does prokaryotes possesses 70s or 80s ? Mark : 1

5. What is an ecological pyramid ? Mark : 1

6. Name four fat soluble vitamins. Mark : 1

7. What is binomial nomenclature ? Mark : 1

8. Expand MOEF. Mark : 1

Question No. 9 Marks : 6x1=6

9. A) Which is considered to be a living fossil ?
   i) Horse shoe crab ii) Tiger
   iii) Honey bee iv) Apple snail

B) Which is a mammal ?
   i) Sea horse ii) Sea cucumber
   iii) Sea anemone iv) Sea lion

C) Which one of the following is a ruminant ?
   i) Human ii) Pig iii) Cow iv) Drosophila

D) Balanoglossus belongs to the phylum
   i) Echinodermata ii) Annelida
   iii) Chordata iv) Mollusca

E) Schwann cells form a
   i) Blood clot ii) Myelin sheath
   iii) Adipose cells iv) Dendrons

F) Which is a jawless vertebrate ?
   i) Lamprey ii) Salmon iii) Snake iv) Eel
10. A) Explain allopatry and sympatry.

OR

B) Define hypervolume niche, fundamental niche and realized niche.

11. A) Write a brief note on acid rain.

OR

B) Write a note on different types of coral reefs.

12. A) What is gastulation? Explain the process of gastulation.

OR

B) Write a note on ketone body formation.

13. A) Define S shaped growth curve with a simple example and illustration.

OR

B) Explain the zygotene stage of meiosis.

14. A) Explain briefly the terms population and population dynamics.

OR

B) Define taxonomy, nomenclature and systematics and state how they are related?

OR

B) Write an essay on the ultra structure and function of mitochondrion.


OR

B) Describe lac operon and explain its regulation.

17. A) Explain post transcriptional modifications in Eukaryotic cell with diagrams.

OR

B) Define Hardy Weinberg equilibrium. Write an essay on the conditions that are responsible for deviation from the equilibrium.
CHEMISTRY

Time : 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS

1) Answers should be written only in English.
2) Answer all questions.
3) Write all your answers (Objectives/Descriptives) in the answerbook itself.

PART - A
(Each sub-question carries one mark)

Question No. 1 Marks : 5x1=5

1. A) IUPAC name of the complex compound \([\text{Co(NH}_3\text{)}_5\text{Cl}]\text{Cl}_2\) is _________

B) The zwitter ion structure of glycine is ____________

C) _________ metal is present in Vitamin B\(_{12}\).

D) The differential rate equation of the reaction \(2A + B \rightarrow\) is ____________

E) The structure of Z-2-butene is ____________

Question No. 2 Marks : 5x1=5

2. A) The catalyst used in benzoin condensation is ____________

B) The Fischer structure of R-glyceraldehyde is ____________

C) What designation is given to an orbital having \(n = 2\) and \(l = 1\) ?
   i) 2p  
   ii) 2d  
   iii) 2s  
   iv) 3p

D) What is the bond order of \(O_2^-\) ion ?
   i) \(\frac{1}{2}\)  
   ii) 2  
   iii) \(\frac{2}{2}\)  
   iv) 1

E) The orbitals involved in the formation of complex \([\text{Ni(CN)}_4]^2^-\) are
   i) s and p  
   ii) p and d  
   iii) s and d  
   iv) s, p and d

P.T.O.
3. A) The molecularities of the following reactions

\[ \text{NO} + \text{N}_2\text{O}_5 \rightarrow 3\text{NO}_2 \]
\[ 2\text{NO} + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NOCl} \]

are

i) 2 and 3  
ii) 3 and 2  
iii) 2 and 2  
iv) 3 and 3

B) Which is the most stable carbanion amongst the following.

i) \( \text{CH}_3^\ominus \)  
ii) \( \text{PhCH}_2^\ominus \)  
iii) \( \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2^\ominus \)  
iv) \( \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2^\ominus \)

C) Co\( (\text{NH}_3)_6 \text{Cl}_3 \) is electrolyte of the type

i) 1 : 1  
ii) 1 : 2  
iii) 1 : 3  
iv) 3 : 3

D) Which of the following represents the electron configuration of a metalloid in the ground state

i) 2 – 3  
ii) 2 – 5  
iii) 2-8-5  
iv) 2-8-6

E) State Hund’s rules.

4. A) Draw the electron dot structure of \( \text{F}_2\text{O} \).

B) Give an example each for bi- and tri-dentate ligands.

C) State the first law of thermodynamics.

D) Define molar heat capacity.

E) Give an example of heterogeneous catalysis.
PART – B

SECTION – 1

Answer all questions taking note of internal choice. Each question carries four marks. (5x4=20)

5. A) Which of the following electron configurations would you expect to have the lowest ionization energy? Explain.
   - i) 1s² 2s² 2p⁶
   - ii) 1s² 2s² 2p⁵
   - iii) 1s² 2s² 2p⁶ 3s¹

   B) Explain why cationic radii are lower but anionic radii are larger than atomic radii.

6. One element has atomic number 14 and other has atomic number 15.
   A) What will be the maximum valence of the elements?
   B) If all the valences are satisfied by combining with hydrogen or chlorine to form MHₙ and MClₘ, what will be the value of n and m? What will be the geometry of the compounds?

7. A reversible Carnot cycle does work equivalent to 150 kJ per cycle. If heat supplied by heat cycle is 225 kJ at 227°C per cycle, calculate
   A) the temperature at which the heat is rejected
   B) the thermal efficiency of the engine.

8. Draw the possible isomers of the compounds [MA₂B₄] and [MA₃B₃] and give their names.

OR

A) In a reaction H₂ + I₂ → 2HI, the rate of disappearance of iodine is found to be 10⁻⁶ mol l⁻¹s⁻¹. What would be the corresponding rate of disappearance of hydrogen and formation of hydrogen iodide?

B) What factors determine the standard electrode potential of a metal?
9. A) Give the mechanism of \( \text{S}_\text{N}2 \) reactions.

   B) Write the structures of the products when toluene is subjected to nitration.

   OR

   A) Explain the Fridel-Craft's alkylation reaction between benzene and \( n \)-propyl chloride.

   B) Write the structures of syn- and anti-isomers of oxime of acetophenone.

SECTION – 2

Answer all questions availing internal choice. Each question carries twelve marks. \((5 \times 12 = 60)\)

10. A) What is the significance of the four quantum numbers?

   B) Explain why the electron affinity of the atoms increases from left to right along a row in the periodic table.

   C) \([\text{CoF}_6]^{3-}\) is paramagnetic while \([\text{Co (NH}_3)_6]^{3+}\) is diamagnetic. Explain.

   D) Give the functions of haemoglobin and myoglobin.

11. A) Define lattice energy and give Born-Lande's equation for the same.

   B) Using crystal field theory show the splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral field.

   C) Discuss the factors which influence the stability of the complex.

   D) A dilute solution of \( \text{KMnO}_4 \) is purple in colour while that of \( \text{MnCl}_2 \) is colourless. Explain.

   OR

   A) Sulphonation of aromatic hydrocarbons is a reversible reaction. Explain.

   B) Give any two rearrangement reactions of carbocations.

   C) Explain the aromaticity of benzene with the help of Huckle's rule.

   D) Explain the acidity of the following with reference to inductive effect.

\[
\text{ClCH}_2\text{COOH}, \quad \text{Cl}_2\text{CHCOOH}.
\]
12. A) What do you mean by the terms thermal-mechanical and chemical-equilibrium?

B) What is poisoning of a catalyst? Illustrate the poisoning phenomenon with an example.

C) Define the terms specific conductance and equivalent conductance. Give the relation between them.

D) Calculate the emf of the zinc-silver cell at 25°C when \([Zn^{2+}] = 0.10 \, M\) and \([Ag^+] = 10 \, M\). (Given \(E^0\) for the cell at 25°C = 1.56 V).

13. A) What is racemisation? Name any two methods for resolution of racemic mixtures.

B) Write the mechanism for aldol condensation.

C) Explain hydrogen bonding in alcohols and water.

D) What are amylose and amylopectin? How are they obtained from starch?

OR

A) Explain the use of IR spectroscopy in elucidating the structure of simple organic molecules.

B) Give a method of synthesis of polypeptide.

C) How do you use methylation studies in establishing the structure of disaccharides?

D) Write the mechanism of Perkin reaction.

14. A) Explain the use of UV spectroscopy in determining the conjugation in organic molecules.

B) Write briefly about the secondary structure of proteins.

C) Give any two substitution reactions of carbanions.

D) Give the mechanism of \(E_1\) reaction.
INSTRUCTIONS

1) Answers should be written only in English.
2) Answer all questions.
3) Write all your answers (Objectives/Descriptives) in the answerbook itself.

PART – A
(Each sub-question carries one mark)

Question No. 1 Marks : 5x1=5

1. A. If the radius of the earth is reduced by 1% and if mass remains the same then escape velocity will
   i) Increase about by 0.5%  
   ii) Decrease by 10%
   iii) Not change  
   iv) Decrease by 5%

B. Is it possible to put an artificial satellite into an orbit in such a way that it will always remain directly over New Delhi?

C. The net gain in the entropy of the working substance in a Carnot cycle is _________ (fill up the bank)

D. The degrees of freedom for polyatomic gases such as hydrogen and ozone will be
   i) 2 & 3  
   ii) 5 & 6
   iii) 3 & 4  
   iv) 3 & 9

E. Which of the following properties of wave is independent of the other?
   i) Reflection  
   ii) Interference
   iii) Diffraction  
   iv) Polarization

Question No. 2 Marks : 5x1=5

2. A. In Young’s double slit experiment, if the separation of slit is doubled and the distance of the screen is halved, the fringe width will become ____________ (fill up the blank)
B. The electric field at a point inside a hollow metallic charged sphere is
   i) Zero
   ii) Non-zero but constant
   iii) Varies with distance from the centre
   iv) Depends on charge and radius of sphere

C. Define Q-factor.

D. What is a dipole?

E. State Poynting theorem.

3. A. The maximum possible number of electrons in a shell with principal quantum
   number n is __________ (fill up the blank)

B. What is a solar cell?

C. Define Meisner effect.

D. A particle is travelling at a speed 'v' such that \( \frac{v}{c} = 0.99 \), then the ratio \( \frac{m}{m_0} \)
   for the particle is __________ (fill up the blank)

E. LASER is the acronym for
   i) Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation
   ii) Light Application for Spontaneous Emission of Radiation
   iii) Light Application for Strong Emission of Radio activity
   iv) None

4. A. An electron and a proton have same kinetic energy, then ________ has the
   greater deBroglie wavelength (fill up the blank).

B. Define depletion zone.

C. Which of the following statements is true?
   i) At low temperature silicon is an insulator
   ii) At high temperature silicon is a good conductor
   iii) At high enough temperature silicon behaves like a metal
   iv) At absolute zero temperature silicon is an insulator
D. One of the following does not obey Ohm's law:
   i) A bar of pure semiconductor
   ii) N-type semiconductor
   iii) P-type semiconductor
   iv) P-N junction diode

E. On what quantum numbers does the energy of an electron depends in a Vanadium atom?

**PART – B**

**SECTION – 1**

(Each question carries four marks)

5. a) Define an inertial frame. Show that a frame with constant velocity relative to an inertial frame is also inertial.
   OR
   b) What is mean-free-path? Deduce the expression for mean-free-path of a gas in terms of gas pressure.

6. a) Obtain the expression for the velocity of transverse wave along a stretched string.
   OR
   b) Show that the intensity of light transmitted through a polarizer is half of the intensity of incident light.

7. a) Define self inductance. Obtain the expression for the self inductance of a solenoid.
   OR
   b) Describe Frank and hertz experiment and its significance.

8. a) What is the significance of wave function \( \psi \)? Explain.
   OR
   b) What are point groups and space groups? Explain.

9. a) Why the base region of a transistor is thin? Explain.
   OR
   b) What is Lorentz-Fitzerald contraction? Explain with necessary theory.
SECTION – 2

(Each question carries 12 marks)

10. a) Define Young's modulus, bulk modulus and Poisson's ratio, and derive the relation between them.
   OR
   b) Deduce the Clausius-Clapyron equation and explain why the boiling point of water increases with increasing pressure.

11. a) Derive the expression for the potential and kinetic energy of a vibrating string and calculate the energy in each normal mode of a vibrating string.
   OR
   b) Discuss the phenomenon of interference in thin films. Obtain the condition for maxima and minima for reflected light.

12. a) Derive Helmholtz's equation for the growth and decay of an electric current in LR circuit and explain the significance of time constant.
   OR

13. a) Show that the necessary and sufficient condition for the wave functions $\psi_1$ and $\psi_2$ to be linearly independent is that their Wronskian does not vanish.
   OR
   b) What is Raman effect? On the basis of quantum theory explain the origin of Stokes and Anti-Stokes lines in Raman spectrum.

14. a) Explain the concept of density of states for a free electron gas.
   OR
   b) What is Minkowski space? Explain. Show that $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - c^2t^2$ is invariant under Lorentz transformations.
INSTRUCTIONS

1) Answer all questions.
2) Answers to be written in English only.
3) Missing data, if any, may suitably be assumed (Mention the same).
4) IS codes, Handbooks, Charts are not allowed.

PART – A
(Each Sub-question carries one mark)

Question No. 1 Marks: 7×1=7

1. Fill in the blanks:

A) The minimum pitch distance in riveted connection is ___________ times the diameter.

B) pH for drinking water should be between ___________.

C) The standard length of rail in broad gauge is ___________.

D) The final setting time of ordinary portland cement should not be more than ___________.

E) The difference between the latest allowable time and the earliest expected time is called ___________.

F) The ratio of ultimate bearing capacity and factor of safety is called ___________.

G) In theodolite survey, when the line of collimation is horizontal, vertical circle reads ___________.

P.T.O.
2. Choose the correct answer:

A) The imaginary point through which the resultant of all parallel forces pass through a body is called ____________
   i) Moment of inertia   ii) Frictional force
   iii) Centre of gravity   iv) Support reaction

B) In the case of thick cylinders, the longitudinal stress
   i) Varies with maximum at outer surface to minimum at inner surface
   ii) Varies with maximum at inner surface to minimum at outer surface
   iii) Is uniform throughout the thickness
   iv) Is zero everywhere

C) The influence diagram for reaction at the support of a cantilever will be a
   i) Triangle with zero ordinate at fixed end unit ordinate at free end
   ii) Triangle with unit ordinate at fixed end and zero ordinate at free end
   iii) Rectangle with unit ordinate
   iv) Rectangle with ordinate of 0.5

D) A series of continuous spot weld is called
   i) Fillet weld   ii) Seam weld
   iii) Stitch weld   iv) Butt weld

E) Head loss in the pipes due to friction is calculated by using the formula
   i) \( \frac{fLv^2}{2gd} \)
   ii) \( \frac{fLv}{2gd} \)
   iii) \( \frac{8fLv^2}{2gd} \)
   iv) \( \frac{4fLv^2}{2gd} \)

F) A sanitary sewer line is expected to run
   i) Full   ii) 50% full
   iii) 75% full   iv) 67% full

G) Combined pumping and gravity flow system is best suited where
   i) City is in plains and source is elevated
   ii) City is on a gentle slope and source is elevated
   iii) City is on a steep slope and source is below
   iv) Any type of topography
3. Answer in one sentence:
   A) What is the minimum gradient to be provided in plain?
   B) Where do you provide Cribb ballasting in railways?
   C) Why do you use clinometer?
   D) What is the name given for time versus activity chart in construction management?
   E) What is meant by point of known elevation?
   F) What is a lintel?

PART – B

4. A) Define
   i) Shear force and
   ii) Bending moment for a statically determinate beam. Figure 1 shows a cantilever beam subjected to uniformly distributed load. Draw shear force and bending moment diagram.

   B) A ladder of length rests against a wall as shown in Figure 2. The coefficient of static friction at both wall and ground is “f”. Determine how high a man of weight W can climb before ladder slips. Neglect the weight of ladder.

   OR

   Define a three-hinged arch. Bring out the salient features of a three hinged arch.
5. A) What are the reasons due to which maintenance of canal is essential? Explain the measures to be adopted for silt removal.

B) Sketch the main parts of a single stage centrifugal pump.

OR

Explain the procedure of “Analysis of waste water sample for B.O.D” test.

6. A) Explain the following in highway planning:
   i) Requirements in alignment between two terminals
   ii) Factors controlling the alignment
   iii) Special considerations while aligning hill roads.

B) The vertical angles of two vanes fixed at 1 m and 3 m above the foot of a staff held vertically, at a station A were 3°10’ and 5°24’ respectively. Find the horizontal distance (H) and reduced level, if the instrument axis is 138.556 m.

OR

Explain the following types of errors in levelling:
   i) Instrument errors
   ii) Personal errors
   iii) Natural errors

7. A) Explain the method of determining “Shear Parameters” for silty clays by conducting direct shear test. Bring out the advantages of direct shear test.

B) Write the sketches of the following types of stair cases (plan view only):
   i) Straight stairs
   ii) Quarter-turning stairs
   iii) Spiral stairs
   iv) Bifurcated stairs

OR

Bring out the properties and uses of cement mortar.
MA \THERMATICs

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

INSTRUCTIONS

1) Answers should be written only in English.

2) Answer all questions.

3) Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the Answerbook itself.

PART - A

(Each sub-question carries one mark)

1. Choose the correct answer.

Question No. 1 Marks : 7×1=7

A) \( \lim_{m \to \infty} \left( \frac{1}{1-m^2} + \frac{2}{1-m^2} + \ldots + \frac{m}{1-m^2} \right) \) is equal to

i) 0  
ii) \(-\frac{1}{2}\)  
iii) \(\frac{1}{2}\)  
iv) none of these

B) \( f(x) = x|x| \) is differentiable

i) on \((-\infty, \infty)\)  
ii) only on \((-\infty,0) \cup (0, \infty)\)  
iii) only on \((0, \infty)\)  
iv) none of these

C) The number of solutions of \( z^3 + \bar{z} = 0 \) is

i) 2  
ii) 3  
iii) 4  
iv) 5

D) If \( I = \int_{-2}^{2} |1-x^4| \, dx \), then \( I \) equals

i) 6  
ii) 8  
iii) 12  
iv) 21

P.T.O.
E) The function \( f(x) = x^2 e^{-2x}, \ x > 0 \) has the maximum value of \( f(x) \) equal to

i) \( \frac{1}{e} \)

ii) \( \frac{1}{2e} \)

iii) \( \frac{1}{e^2} \)

iv) none of these

F) The set of integers \( \mathbb{Z} \) is a cyclic group generated by

i) only the element 1

ii) only the element \(-1\)

iii) infinitely many elements of \( \mathbb{Z} \)

iv) none of these

G) \( G = \{ 1, -1, i, -i \} \) is a group under multiplication. Then the order of \( i \), denoted by \( o(i) \) is

i) 1

ii) 2

iii) 4

iv) none of these

2. Fill in the blanks with correct answer.

A) The degree of the differential equation

\[
\left(1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2\right)^\frac{1}{3} = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \text{ is } \quad \boxed{\text{ }}.
\]

B) The remainder when \( 2^{1000} \) is divided by 17 is \( \quad \boxed{\text{ }} \).

C) The particular solution of the differential equation

\[
\frac{dy}{dx} = y \quad \text{with} \quad y(0) = 1,
\]

is \( \quad \boxed{\text{ }} \).

D) If \( G \) is a finite group and \( a \in G \), then the order \( O(a) \) of \( a \) divides \( \quad \boxed{\text{ }} \).

E) If \( a \) and \( n \) are two positive integers such that \( (a, n) = 1 \) and if \( \phi(n) \) is the Euler \( \phi \)-function, then Euler's theorem states that \( \quad \boxed{\text{ }} \).
F) Define linearly dependent vectors in a vector space V over R.

G) If \( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \) is a series and \( a_n \to 0 \), as \( n \to \infty \), then the series \( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \) is

3. State whether the following statements are true or false or answer briefly.

Question No. 3  Marks : 6x1=6

A) If \( \lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} \) exists, then

\[ \lim_{x \to a} f(x) = f(a) \]

(True or False)

B) For two complex numbers \( z_1 \) and \( z_2 \) (non-zero), \( |z_1 + z_2| = |z_1| + |z_2| \), then \( \arg z_1 = \arg z_2 \). (True or False)

C) The vectors \((1, 0, 0), (0, 2, 0), (0, 0, 3)\) are linearly dependent. (True or False)

D) Let \( a_1x + b_1y = c_1 \)
\[ a_2x + b_2y = c_2 \]

be a system of equations. If \( D = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix} \),

\[ D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} c_1 & b_1 \\ c_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix} \text{ and } D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & c_2 \end{vmatrix} \]

\( D \neq 0 \), then the solution is given by

\[ x = \quad \text{and} \quad y = \quad \]

E) The function \( f(z) = |z|, z \in \mathbb{C} \) is analytic at 0. (True or False)
F) The series \( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \) is convergent.

(True or false)

PART - B

SECTION - I

Answer the following questions. \((5 \times 4 = 20)\)

4. A) If \( d \) is the g.c.d. of \( a \) and \( b \), then show that there exist integers \( x \) and \( y \) such that \( d = xa + yb \).

OR

B) Solve \((x^2 + y^2) \, dx - 2xy \, dy = 0\).

5. A) State and prove Lagrange’s theorem on the orders of finite groups.

OR

B) State and prove the Mean value theorem of real analysis.

6. A) State and prove Cauchy’s integral formula of complex analysis.

OR

B) Show that \( L[\sinh ax] = \frac{a}{p^2 - a^2}, \, p > |a| \).

7. A) For the matrix \[
\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 \\
3 & 4
\end{pmatrix}
\] find the corresponding linear transformation \( T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \)

w.r.t. the basis \( \{(1, 0), (1, 1)\} \).

OR

B) If \( f'(z) = 0 \) in a domain \( D \) in the complex plane, then show that \( f \) is a constant in \( D \).
8. A) If \( u \) is a homogeneous function in \( x \) and \( y \) then show that \( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x} \).

OR

B) Show that \( x^2 + y^2 + x + y + xy \) has a minimum value at \( \left( -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3} \right) \) and the minimum value is \( -\frac{1}{9} \).

SECTION – 2

Answer the following questions. \((5 \times 12 = 60)\)

9. A) If \( a, b, c \) are three positive integers such that the g.c.d. of \( a \) and \( b \) namely \( (a, b) = 1 \) and \( a | c, b | c \), then, prove that \( ab | c \).

B) Prove that the product of \( r \) consecutive positive integers is divisible by \( r \).

OR

A) Solve \( \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 5 \frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = e^{4x} \).

B) Find particular solution of the equation \( y'' + y = \csc x \), by the method of variation of parameters.

10. A) Show that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.

B) If \( G \) and \( G' \) are two groups and if \( f : G \rightarrow G' \) is a homomorphism, then show that \( \text{Ker} f \) is a normal subgroup of \( G \).

OR
A) Find the equation to the sphere which passes through (1, −3, 4), (1, −5, 2),
(1, −3, 0) and whose centre lies on the plane x + y + z = 0.

B) Find the equation to the tangent plane to the sphere \( x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0 \).

11. A) State and prove De Moivre’s theorem for any integer index.

B) Find \( n \), \( n^{th} \) roots of \(-1\).

OR

A) Define dot product and cross product of two vectors \( \vec{a} \) and \( \vec{b} \). Show that
\[ \vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c} \]
for three vectors \( \vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c} \) in \( \mathbb{R}^3 \).

B) Use the scalar triple product to show that the vectors \( \vec{a} = (1, 4, -7), \vec{b} = (2, -1, 4) \)
and \( \vec{c} = (0, -9, 18) \) are coplanar.

12. A) Define a bilinear transformation and define the cross ratio of four distinct
points in the extended plane \( \mathbb{C} \). Show that a bilinear transformation preserves
the cross ratio of four points.

B) Find the bilinear transformation which maps 0, \(-i\), \(-1\) to \(i\), 1, 0 respectively.

OR

A) Prove that a monotonically increasing sequence which is bounded above always
converges and it converges to its supremum.

B) Discuss the convergence of the sequence \( \{x_n\} \), where
\[ x_n = \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+2} + \ldots + \frac{1}{n+n} \]
13. A) Let \( f : I = [a, b] \to [a, b] \) be a continuous function. Then, show that the equation \( x = f(x) \) has at least one solution in \( I \). When is the solution unique?

B) Find a real root of the equation,
\[
F(x) = x^3 - 6x + 1 = 0,
\]
using bisection method.

OR

A) Explain Newton-Raphson method.

B) Find the square root of 2 using Newton-Raphson method.
INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answer should be written only in English.
2. Answer all questions.
3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type question in the Answerbook itself.

PART - A
(Each sub-question carries one mark)

Question No. 1 Marks : 7x1=7

1. Fill in the blanks :
   A. Synangium is a group of spore bearing structure found in ____________ .
   B. Retinacula is seen in the fruits of ____________ family members.
   C. Self pollination resulting in never opening flowers is called ____________ .
   D. Balloon like protrusions into the tracheary elements is called ____________ .
   E. ____________ cells in the epidermis are supposed to help the closing and opening movements of grass leaves.
   F. Citrus canker is caused by ____________________________ .
   G. ____________ tissue in the aerial roots of epiphytic orchids help in absorption of moisture.

Question No. 2 Marks : 7x1=7

2. Choose the correct answer :
   A. Synzoospor is produced by
      i) Spirogyra                       ii) Chara
      iii) Vaucheria                    iv) Diatoms
   B. The modified calyx in Asteraceae is called
      i) Pappus                        ii) Achene
      iii) Involucre                    iv) Palea
C. Quinine is obtained from ______ of Cinchona Officinalis
   i) Root
   ii) Flower
   iii) Leaf
   iv) Stem bark

D. Maturity of carpels prior to anthers is
   i) Herkogamy
   ii) Protogyny
   iii) Protandry
   iv) Chasmogamy

E. Digestive glands are characteristic of
   i) Mangroves
   ii) Orchids
   iii) Insectivorous plants
   iv) Diatoms

F. Exudation of water in liquid form takes place through
   i) Lenticels
   ii) Stomata
   iii) Hydathodes
   iv) Pneumatophores

G. The chlorophyll pigments in a chloroplastid are located in
   i) Stroma
   ii) Grana
   iii) Chloroplast membrane
   iv) Cytoplasm

3. Answer in one sentence:

A. What is a plasmid?
B. Give the meaning of hydroponics.
C. Explain Gondwana Land.
D. What is a golgi complex?
E. What are long day plants?
F. What is meant by food chain?
PART - B

SECTION - 1

4. Write notes on:
   A. Economic importance of Cyanobacteria.
   OR
   B. Coralloid roots of *cycas*.

5. A. Salient features of Asteraceae.
   OR
   B. Sporophyte of *Anthoceros*.

6. A. Environmental factors influencing rate of photosynthesis.
   OR
   B. Mechanism of stomatal opening and closing.

7. A. *In situ* conservation of biodiversity.
   OR
   B. Characters of mangroves.

8. A. Define endosperm and comment on their types.
   OR
   B. Comment on pigments involved in photosynthesis.

SECTION - 2

9. Answer the following:

   A. Explain in detail the vegetation of Karnataka.
   OR

10. A. Differentiate between hydrophytes and xerophytes.
    OR
    B. Give symptoms, causative agent and control of Tikka disease.
11. A. Explain the Mendel's work of monohybrid and dihybrid crosses.

OR

B. Describe in detail the types of vascular bundles.

12. A. Give the salient features and two examples of following families:
   i) Annonaceae
   ii) Rubiaceae
   iii) Lamiaceae

OR

B. Differentiate between:
   i) Capparidaceae and Brassicaceae
   ii) Asclepiadaceae and Verbenaceae
   iii) Arecaceae and Liliaceae

13. A. Compare the anatomy of Selaginella and Equisetum stems.

OR

B. Give the life-cycle of Batrachospermum.